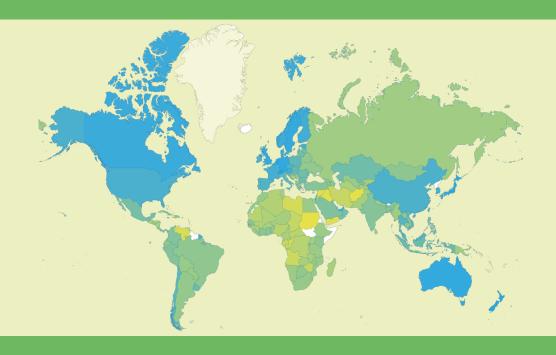


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ELITE QUALITY REPORT 2023

Singapore: State capitalism produces outstanding political and economic value

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Singapore: State capitalism produces outstanding Political and Economic Value

Singapore ranks second in elite Value Creation among the 151 countries covered by the EQx2023. Although Singapore no longer tops the EQx ranking, as it did in the previous three years, it continues to produce outstanding Political and Economic Value for its citizens, suggesting that its state capitalist model has successfully shaped Value Creation by its very high-quality elites. Singapore emerged from the COVID-19 pandemic relatively unscathed, with a relatively robust economy. 2022 was a year of record earnings for its largest banks.

In the EQx2023, Singapore's elites have a high degree of Political and Economic Power (Power Sub-Index, rank # 23), although this is markedly lower than in the previous year (EQx2022, rank # 14). Nevertheless, this still suggests that elites in Singapore have considerable control and coordination capacity and, thus, the potential for Value Extraction. Singapore's elites score moderately highly for Political Power (i, rank # 22), performing exceptionally well for Political corruption (COR, i.1, rank # 2), Control of corruption (i.1, rank # 1), Government's responsiveness to change (RTC, i.1, rank #1), Regulatory quality (REQ, i.2, rank #1), and Regulatory enforcement (REN, i.2, rank # 1). These Indicators suggest that Singapore's government is committed to and successful at encouraging a transparent, fair, and open free market economy, a trend that has been consistent since modern independence in 1965.

Singapore's overall EQx2023 ranking appears to have been most impacted by its Economic Power score (ii, rank # 25, down from rank # 9 in 2022), ranking lower on Coalition Dominance (ii.4, rank # 7), Firm Dominance (ii.5, rank # 145), and Creative Destruction (ii.6, rank # 18) than in previous years. Recovering from the COVID-19 pandemic, which has had particularly significant impacts on Singapore's open economy, elites have nevertheless still contributed to a vibrant economy by continuing to score highly in the Economic Complexity Index (ECI, ii.4, rank # 5), low number of Criminal actors (CRA, ii.4, rank # 5), Venture capital finance (VCK, ii.6, rank # 5), and Venture capital availability (VCA, ii.6, rank # 4).

Singapore continues to dominate through its excellent performance in the Value Sub-Index (rank # 1), ranking first in elite creation of both Political and Economic Value. In terms of Political Value, Singapore's elites excel in areas such as *PISA mean scores* (PIS, iii.7, rank # 1), Online Service Index (OSI, iii.7, rank #5), Network Readiness Index (NRI, iii.7, rank # 2), and Global Cybersecurity Index (GCI, iii.8, rank # 1). Singapore's elites have also created social conditions that have encouraged low Death rates from substance abuse (SUB, iii.8, rank # 1), low numbers of Battle-related deaths (BRD, iii.8, rank # 1), fewer Criminal markets (CRM, iii.9, rank # 5), low Natural resource rents (NRR, iii.9, rank # 1), and a high Municipal Waste Recycling Rate (MWR, iii.9, rank # 3).

Once again, the contribution of Singapore's elites to Political Value is mirrored by its top-ranking for Economic Value (iv, rank # 1). This excellent score is reflected across a wide range of diverse Indicators, including the Health Efficiency Index (HEI, iv. 10, rank # 1), affordability of food in the Global Food Security Index (FSA, iv.10, rank # 2), and Labor productivity growth (LPG, iv. 12, rank # 6). State capitalism in Singapore has also maintained excellent economic outcomes for Nr. of patent applications (PAT, iv. 10, rank # 6), Inward FDI (FDS, iv.10, rank # 1), Economic globalization (EGL, iv.10, rank # 1), Trade freedom (TRF, iv.10, rank #1), Unicorns per 1 million people (UNC, iv.11, rank # 3), and Billionaires self-made nr. per 1 million people (BSG, iv. 11, rank # 1). These Indicators suggest that elite Value Creation in Singapore is very much shaped by being a small nation-state with few natural resources and its government's commitment to maintaining an open and competitive economy.

State capitalism in Singapore has facilitated these outstanding outcomes by encouraging economic openness in combination with high levels of political and social control, as indicated by its lower rankings for *Press freedom* (PFD, i.1, rank # 117) and the *Academic Freedom Index* (AFI, i.3, rank # 120), along with high levels of inequality, as indicated by the two indicators for *Gini coefficient on net national wealth distribution* (GWL, i.1, rank # 95; GWC, i.1, rank # 148). Nevertheless, the EQx2023 reveals that state capitalism in Singapore continues to shape excellent elite contributions to Value Creation. Much of this relies on the mediating role played by the government in creating growth through economic openness and transparency while providing generous social and communitarian returns.

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